Outline Introduction Symmetry and Conservation Lorentz Symmetry World Sheet Current

World Sheet Current and Conservation

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Introduction

What is Conserved Current?

Symmetry and Conservation

Lagrangian Formalism and Symmetry

Lorentz Symmetry

Physically Feeling the Beauty

World Sheet Current

String associated current

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- ▶ Any vector satisfying (1) is said to be conserved current.
- ▶ The term "Conserved Current" is slight misleading, because actually charge is what gets conserved where charge is defined as $\int j^0 dx^D$.

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- ▶ If S is invariant under any transformation i.e first order change in lagrangian density is $\partial_{\alpha}(\epsilon^{i}\Lambda_{i}^{\alpha})$ then $\partial_{\alpha}j_{i}^{\alpha}=0$ where $\epsilon^{i}j_{i}^{\alpha}=\frac{\partial\mathcal{L}}{\partial(\partial_{\alpha}\phi^{a})}\delta\phi^{a}-\epsilon^{i}\Lambda_{i}^{\alpha}$.

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- ▶ Here the conserved charges are $Q_i = \int dx^D j_i^0$.

Euler Lagrange Equation for Field

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \phi^{a}} = \partial_{\alpha} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial_{\alpha} \phi^{a}} \right) \tag{2}$$

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Starting from these 2 simple equations we can prove our previous claim of conservation law i.e $\partial_{\alpha} (\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial (\partial_{\alpha} \phi^{a})} \delta \phi^{a} - \epsilon^{i} \Lambda_{i}^{\alpha}) = 0$

Generalisation

In the same way as outlined in previous slide, one can show if under any transformations $\delta(\mathcal{L}) = \partial_{\alpha}(\epsilon^{i_1,i_2,...i_n}\Lambda^{\alpha}_{i_1,i_2,...i_n})$ then $\partial_{\alpha}j^{\alpha}_{\sigma(i_k)} = 0$ where $\epsilon^{i_1,i_2,...i_n}j^{\alpha}_{i_1,i_2,...i_n} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial(\partial_{\alpha}\phi^a)}\delta\phi^a - \epsilon^{i_1,i_2,...i_n}\Lambda^{\alpha}_{i_1,i_2,...i_n}$

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▶ The Energy and Momentum is conserved for free particle.



- ► Take infinitesimal Lorentz transformation: x^{μ} goes to $x^{\mu} + \epsilon^{\mu\nu} x_{\nu}$
- lacktriangle Lorentz invariance demands antisymmetric nature of $\epsilon^{\mu
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- ▶ In 3+1 Dimension we just assign $L_k = j_{\mu\nu}$.

▶ Let check conservation of $j_{0\nu}$.

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- ▶ The result is $E = mc^2$. The one of the most powerful equation in physics is really a consequence of LORENTZ SYMMETRY!!

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- ▶ In case of string we need two parameters as evident from the $\mathcal L$ being a function of $\partial_{\tau}X^{\mu}$ and $\partial_{\sigma}X^{\mu}$
- ▶ We take the previous 2 transformations and look for conserved charges associated with String Motion.!!

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- ► So these current lives on the world sheet only,not on the whole space-time.
- ▶ The index μ , ν vary over the space time index.So for each such index or index pair we have a conservation law.



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- lacksquare So we can construct $p_{\mu}(au) \equiv \int_0^{\sigma_1} \mathcal{P}_{\mu}^{ au} d\sigma$

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- Reparameterisation invariance allows us to let τ be t of any lorentz frame and let that observer to confirm the conservation of momentum carried by the string.

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- $M_{\mu\nu}(au)$ can also be shown to be parameterisation invariant.

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